# Year 8 – Science 2024

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**Elements, Compounds and Chemical Change:** In this topic, students will learn about the periodic table and the differences between elements and compounds. Students will research the applications of elements and compounds used in daily life. Students will also learn about states of matter and the characteristics of physical and chemical changes.

	physical and chemical changes.	
	UNIT OVERVIEW	ASSESSMENT
	<ul> <li>Describe the properties and uses of some common elements, including metals and non-metals</li> <li>Explain why internationally recognised symbols are used for common elements</li> </ul>	Task Number: 1
	• Identify how our understanding of the structure and properties of elements has changed as a result of some technological	Nature of Task:
	devices	Practical Examination
	Identify some examples of common compounds	Percentage: 40
TIMING	Describe at a particle level the difference between elements, compounds and mixtures, including the type and arrangement of particles.	_
Weeks: 10	of particles	Week: 10
	• Investigate how people in different cultures in the past have applied their knowledge of the properties of elements and compounds to their use in everyday life, e.g., utensils, weapons and tools	Reported: Semester 1
	• Identify when a chemical change is taking place by observing a change in temperature, the appearance of new substances or	
	the disappearance of an original substance	
	Demonstrate that a chemical change involves substances reacting to form new substances	
	• Investigate some examples of chemical change that occur in everyday life, e.g., photosynthesis, respiration and chemical weathering	
	Compare physical and chemical changes in terms of the arrangement of particles and reversibility of the process	
	• Propose reasons why society should support scientific research, e.g., in the development of new pharmaceuticals and polymers	
	• Investigate how the chemical properties of a substance will affect its use, e.g., flammability and ability to corrode	

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### TERM 2

**Ecology:** In this topic students look at the interactions between living organisms, investigate food chains, food webs and ecosystems. Additionally, students will explore the human impacts on ecosystems and how technology and scientific understanding can protect ecosystems and reduce the effects of natural environmental events.

UNIT OVER	VIEW	ASSESSMENT
	uct and interpret food chains and food webs, including examples from Australian ecosystems e interactions between organisms in food chains and food webs, including producers, consumers and decomposers	Task Number: 2
Explain	how the features of some Australian plants and animals are adaptations for survival and reproduction in their	Nature of Task:
enviror		Semester 1 Examination
I IIVIIIV(¬	he examples of beneficial and harmful effects that micro-organisms can have on living things and the environment how human activities can affect interactions in food chains and food webs, including examples from Australian land or	Percentage: 60
marine	ecosystems	Week: 4 and 5
	that water is an important resource that cycles through the environment the water cycle in terms of the physical processes involved	Reported: Semester 1
Demon	strate how scientific knowledge of the water cycle has influenced the development of household, industrial and cural water management practices	
1	, using examples, how scientific evidence and/or technological developments contribute to developing solutions to e the impact of natural events on Australian ecosystems	
	e how scientific knowledge has influenced the development of practices in agriculture, e.g., animal husbandry or crop	
	ion to improve yields and sustainability, or the effect of plant-cloning techniques in horticulture	

**Energy:** Energy appears in different forms including movement (kinetic energy), heat and potential energy, and causes change within systems. Science and technology contribute to finding solutions to a range of contemporary issues; these solutions may impact on other areas of society and involve ethical considerations. In this topic, students will learn about the different types of energy and their uses in our everyday lives. Students will investigate energy transformations and conversions making relevant observations.

# UNIT OVERVIEW Identify objects that possess energy because of their motion (kinetic) or because of other properties (potential) Describe the transfer of heat energy by conduction, convection and radiation, including situations in which each occurs Relate electricity with energy transfer in a simple circuit Construct and draw circuits containing a number of components to show a transfer of electricity Investigate some everyday energy transformations that cause change within systems, including motion, electricity, heat, sound and light Identify that most energy conversions are inefficient and lead to the production of heat energy, e.g., in light bulbs Research ways in which scientific knowledge and technological developments have led to finding a solution to a contemporary issue, e.g., improvements in devices to increase the efficiency of energy transfers or conversions Discuss the implications for society and the environment of some solutions to increase the efficiency of energy conversions by reducing the production of heat energy

# TIMING Weeks: 5

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	TERM 3	
	<b>Student Research Project:</b> In this topic, students will carry out a first-hand investigation in class. They will write a scientific report included They will conduct a fair test changing only one variable at a time, controlling all other factors. They will gather and analyse a set of prime Students will work both independently and in groups to conduct the investigation.	-
	UNIT OVERVIEW	ASSESSMENT
TIMING	Students will write a scientific report that includes the following sections:	Task Number: 3
Weeks:	• Aim	Nature of Task:
3	Hypothesis	Student Research
	Method	Project
	Variables     Results including drawing relevant graphs and tables	Percentage: 50
	<ul> <li>Results including drawing relevant graphs and tables</li> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>	Week: 4
	Conclusion	Reported: Semester 2
	The Earth and its Resources: In this topic, students learn about the structure of earth and its physical and chemical forces that shape the	' · · · ·
	chapter will introduce students to a range of common rock types. They will classify rocks by using properties they can observe such as and hardness. Students will describe the difference between igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rock, explain their formation and the rock cycle. They will also learn about weathering processes, erosion and sedimentation.	colour, lustre, structure,
	UNIT OVERVIEW	ASSESSMENT
	Describe the structure of the Earth in terms of core, mantle, crust and lithosphere	
	Relate the formation of a range of landforms to physical and chemical weathering, erosion, and deposition	
	Outline the origins of and relationships between sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic rocks	
	Classify a variety of common rocks and minerals into groups according to their observable properties	
	Describe the conditions under which fossils form	
TIMING Weeks:	• Outline how geological history can be interpreted in a sequence of horizontal sedimentary layers, in which the oldest are at the base and the youngest at the top	
7	• Describe examples to show how people use understanding and skills from across the disciplines of science in occupations related to the exploration, mining or processing of minerals in Australia	
	Classify a range of the Earth's resources as renewable or non-renewable	
	Outline features of some non-renewable resources, including metal ores and fossil fuels	
	• Describe uses of a variety of natural and made resources extracted from the biosphere, atmosphere, lithosphere, and hydrosphere	
	• Investigate some strategies used by people to conserve and manage non-renewable resources, e.g., recycling and the alternative use of natural and made resources	
	• Discuss different viewpoints people may use to weight criteria in making decisions about the use of a major non-renewable resource found in Australia	
	<ul> <li>Outline the choices that need to be made when considering whether to use scientific and technological advances to obtain a resource from Earth's spheres</li> </ul>	
	Describe some methods used by scientists to determine the relative age of rock layers	

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# TERM 4

**Organ Systems and Disease:** This topic is about multicellular organisms and how they function at their optimal levels. Students learn how multicellular organisms have specialized organs and systems to carry out different jobs within the body. Students develop their understanding about the significance of reproduction in the continuity of species

	UNIT OVERVIEW	ASSESSMENT
<b>TIMING</b> Weeks: 10	<ul> <li>UNIT OVERVIEW</li> <li>Identify the materials required by multicellular organisms for the processes of respiration and photosynthesis</li> <li>Explain that the systems in multicellular organisms work together to provide cell requirements, including gases, nutrients, and water, and to remove cell wastes</li> <li>Outline the role of cell division in growth, repair and reproduction in multicellular organisms</li> <li>Describe the role of the flower, root, stem and leaf in maintaining flowering plants as functioning organisms</li> <li>Describe the role of the digestive, circulatory, excretory, skeletal/muscular and respiratory systems in maintaining a human as a functioning multicellular organism</li> <li>Outline the role of the reproductive system in humans</li> <li>Research an example of how changes in scientific knowledge have contributed to finding a solution to a human health issue</li> <li>Recount how evidence from a scientific discovery has changed understanding and contributed to solving a real-world problem,</li> </ul>	ASSESSMENT  Task Number: 4  Nature of Task:  Semester 2  Examination  Percentage: 50  Week: 5  Reported:
	<ul> <li>e.g., animal or plant disease, hygiene, food preservation, sewage treatment or biotechnology</li> <li>Describe, using examples, how developments in technology have contributed to finding solutions to a contemporary issue, e.g., organ transplantation, artificial joints/limbs, treatment for diabetes, asthma, kidney, or heart disease</li> <li>Give examples to show that groups of people in society may use or weigh criteria differently in making decisions about the application of a solution to a contemporary issue, e.g., organ transplantation, control and prevention of diseases and dietary deficiencies</li> <li>Describe how people in occupations that involve the biological sciences use understanding and skills from across the disciplines of science</li> </ul>	Semester 2